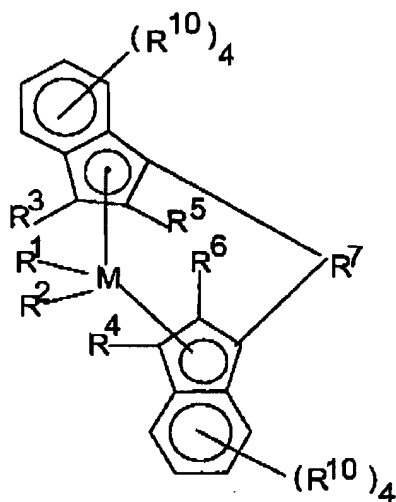


2002B169-2-US

Statement of Claims:

Please amend the Claims as follows:

1. (currently amended) A process of preparing a polymer composition that comprises branched crystalline polypropylene, said process comprising: contacting a metallocene catalyst compound represented by the formula:



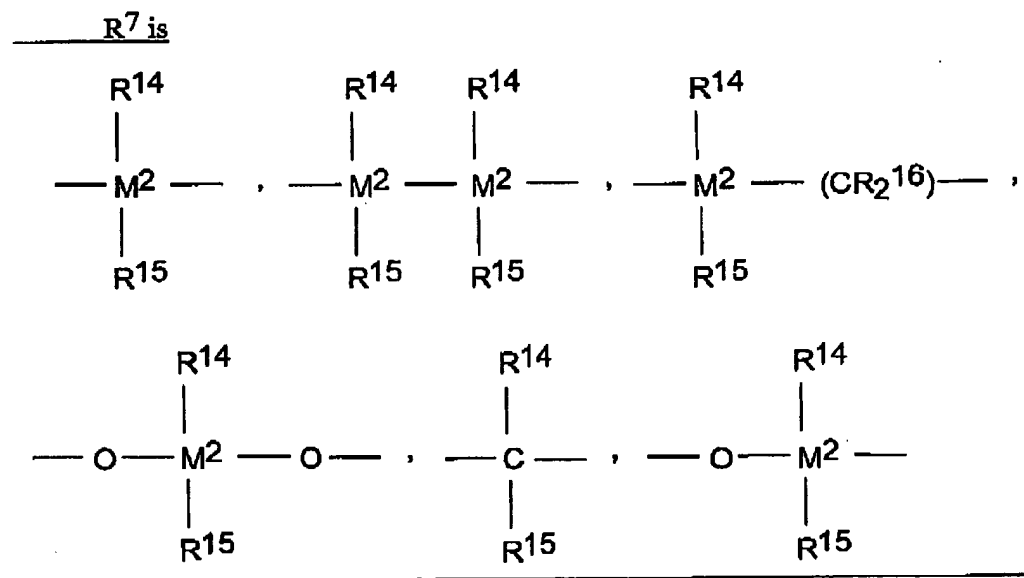
wherein: M is a metal of Group 4, 5, or 6 of the Periodic Table;

R¹ and R² are identical or different, and are one of a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy group, a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₁₀ aryloxy group, a C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ arylalkyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ alkylaryl group, a C₈-C₄₀ arylalkenyl group, or a halogen atom, or a conjugated diene which is optionally substituted with one or more hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silyl groups or hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silyl/hydrocarbyl groups, said diene having up to 30 atoms not counting hydrogen;

2002B169-2-US

the radicals R³, R⁴, and R¹⁰ are identical or different and have the meanings stated for R⁵ and R⁶, or two adjacent R¹⁰ radicals are joined together to form a ring;

R⁵ and R⁶ are identical or different, and are one of a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group, which may be halogenated, a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group, which may be halogenated, a C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ arylalkyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ alkylaryl group, a C₈-C₄₀ arylalkenyl group, a -NR₂', -SR', -OR', -OSiR₃' or -PR₂' radical, wherein: R' is one of a halogen atom, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group, or a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group;



-B(R¹⁴)-, -Al(R¹⁴)-, -Ge-, -Sn-, -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO₂-, -N(R¹⁴)-, -CO-, -P(R¹⁴)-, or -P(O)(R¹⁴)-;

wherein: R¹⁴, R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₂₀ branched or linear alkyl group, a C₁-C₂₀ fluoroalkyl or silaalkyl group, a C₆-C₃₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₃₀ fluoroaryl group, a

2002B169-2-US

C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy group, a C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ arylalkyl group, a C₈-C₄₀ arylalkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ alkylaryl group, or R¹⁴ and R¹⁵, together with the atoms binding them, form a cyclic ring;

M² is one or more carbons, silicon, germanium or tin;

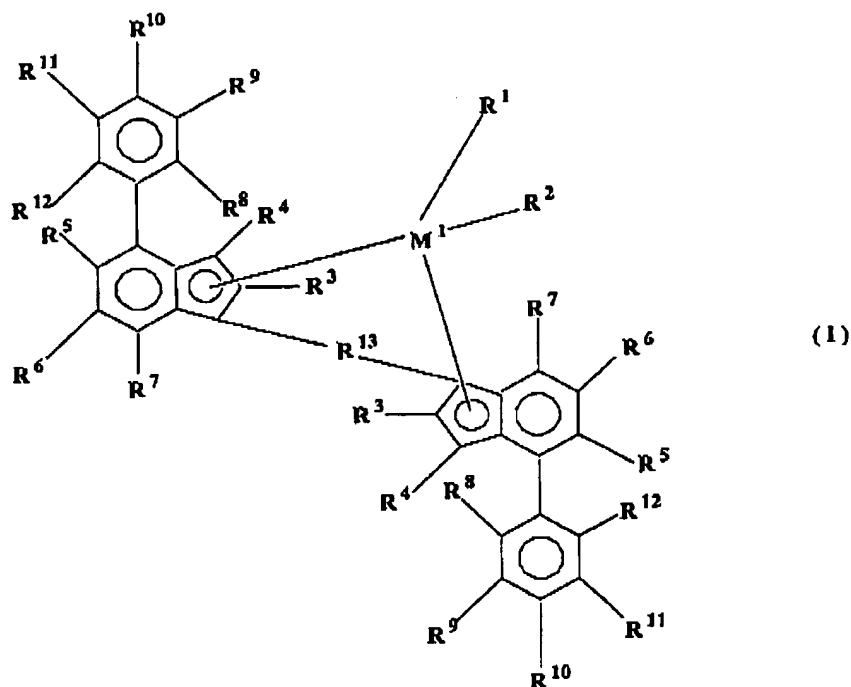
with a polymerization medium that comprises propylene monomers; and less than 25 volume percent diluent; and conducting polymerization of the propylene monomers at a temperature greater than 70°C for a time sufficient to provide branched crystalline polypropylene that has from 0.0 wt% to 2.0 wt% ethylene, a branching index (g') of .97 or less and a heat of fusion of 70 J/g or more, wherein diene monomer has not been added to the polymerization medium and wherein the metallocene catalyst compound is combined with propylene in the absence of hydrogen.

2. (currently amended) A process of preparing a polymer composition that comprises branched crystalline polypropylene, said process comprising:
combining a metallocene catalyst compound with propylene monomers in a polymerization medium having less than 30 volume percent diluent; the metallocene catalyst compounds comprising a substituted or unsubstituted silyl bridged bis-indenyl metallocene;
conducting polymerization of the propylene monomers in the polymerization medium at a reaction temperature of over 70°C to form branched crystalline polypropylene; and
recovering branched crystalline polypropylene that has from 0.0 wt% to 2.0 wt% ethylene, a heat of fusion of 70 J/g or more, a branching index (g') of .97 or less, wherein diene monomer has not been added to the polymerization medium and wherein the metallocene catalyst compound is combined with propylene in the absence of hydrogen.

2002B169-2-US

3. (currently amended) A process of preparing a branched crystalline polypropylene composition, comprising:
contacting a polymerization mixture that comprises propylene monomers with a bridged metallocene compound that has at least two indenyl rings or derivatives of indenyl rings, each ring being substituted at the 2 and 4 positions;
conducting polymerization of the propylene monomers for a time sufficient to form branched crystalline polypropylene composition having a heat of fusion of 70 J/g or more, and wherein diene monomer has not been added to the polymerization medium.
4. (currently amended) A process of preparing a branched crystalline polypropylene composition, comprising: combining a catalyst system that comprises a metallocene compound with a polymerization mixture that comprises propylene monomers in a reactor system, wherein diene monomer has not been added to the polymerization medium, and carrying out polymerization of the propylene monomers in the reactor system for a time sufficient to form branched crystalline polypropylene, in which: the metallocene compound is represented by the formula:

2002B169-2-US



wherein:

M^1 is selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, hafnium, vanadium, niobium, tantalum, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten;

R^1 and R^2 are identical or different, and are one of a hydrogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryloxy group, a C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{40} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, an OH group or a halogen atom; R^1 and R^2 may also be joined together to form an alkanediyl group or a conjugated C_4 - C_{40} diene ligand which is coordinated to M^1 in a metallocyclopentene fashion; R^1 and R^2 may also be identical or different conjugated dienes, optionally substituted with one or more hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silyl groups or hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silylhydrocarbyl

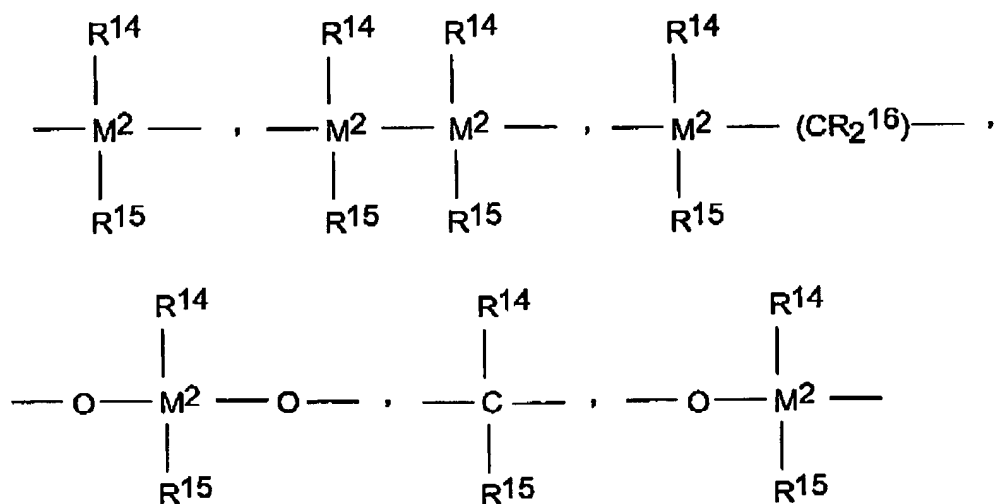
2002B169-2-US

groups, said dienes having up to 30 atoms not counting hydrogen and forming a π complex with M;

each R^3 is identical or different from the other R^3 and is each a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group which may be halogenated, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group which may be halogenated, a C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, a $-NR'^2$, $-SR'$, $-OR'$, $-OSiR'^3$ or $-PR'^2$ radical, wherein R' is one of a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, or a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group;

R^4 to R^7 are identical or different and are hydrogen, or are as defined for R^3 or two or more adjacent radicals R^5 to R^7 together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

R^{13} is

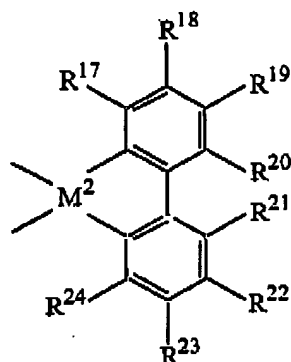


$-B(R^{14})-$, $-Al(R^{14})-$, $-Ge-$, $-Sn-$, $-O-$, $-S-$, $-SO-$, $-SO_2-$, $-N(R^{14})-$, $-CO-$, $-P(R^{14})-$, or $-P(O)(R^{14})-$;

2002B169-2-US

wherein: R^{14} , R^{15} and R^{16} are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_{20} branched or linear alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} fluoroalkyl or silaalkyl group, a C_6 - C_{30} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{30} fluoroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, a C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, or R^{14} and R^{15} , together with the atoms binding them, form a cyclic ring;

or, R^{13} is represented by the formula:



wherein: R^{17} to R^{24} are as defined for R^1 and R^2 , or two or more adjacent radicals R^{17} to R^{24} , including R^{20} and R^{21} , together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

M^2 is one or more carbons, silicon, germanium or tin; and

R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} and R^{12} are identical or different and have the meanings stated for R^4 to R^7 .

5. (original) The process of claim 1 in which the polymerization medium has a first phase that comprises propylene monomers and a second phase that comprises the branched crystalline polypropylene.

2002B169-2-US

6. (original) The process of claim 1 in which the polymerization medium has a first phase that comprises propylene monomers and a second phase that comprises the branched crystalline polypropylene, wherein the first phase has less than 30 volume percent diluent.
7. (original) The process of claim 1 in which the polymerization medium has a first phase that comprises propylene monomers and a second phase that comprises the branched crystalline polypropylene, wherein the second phase is a solid phase.
8. (original) The process of claim 1 in which the polymerization medium has a first phase that comprises propylene monomers and macromers and a second phase that comprises the branched crystalline polypropylene.
9. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the polymerization of the propylene monomers is conducted at a temperature of 75 °C or higher.
10. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the polymerization of the propylene monomers is conducted at a temperature of 80 °C or higher.
11. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the polymerization of the propylene monomers is conducted at a temperature of 90 °C or higher.
12. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a crystallization temperature (T_c) of 100 °C or more.
13. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a crystallization temperature (T_c) of 105 °C or more.

2002B169-2-US

14. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a crystallization temperature (T_c) of 110 °C or more.
15. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a crystallization temperature (T_c) of from 105 °C to 110 °C.
16. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a melting point (T_m) of 145 °C or more.
17. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a melting point (T_m) of 150 °C or more.
18. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a melting point (T_m) of 155 °C or more.
19. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a melting point (T_m) of 160 °C or more.
20. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a melting point (T_m) of from 145 °C to 160 °C.
21. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a Melt Flow Rate of 0.5 or more.
22. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a Melt Flow Rate of 0.7 or more.
23. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a Melt Flow Rate of 1.0 or more.

-10-

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2002B169-2-US

24. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a Melt Flow Rate of 1.5 or more.
25. (currently amended) The process of claim 1, in which the ~~supported~~ metallocene comprises dimethylsilylbis(2-methyl-4-phenyl-1-indenyl)zirconium dimethyl.
26. (currently amended) The process of claim 1, in which the ~~supported~~ metallocene comprises dimethylsilylbis(2-methyl-4-phenyl-1-indenyl)zirconium dimethyl or dimethylsilylbis(2-methyl-4-phenyl-1-indenyl)zirconium dichloride.
27. (currently amended) The process of claim 1, in which the ~~supported~~ metallocene comprises ~~dimethylesilylbis~~ dimethylsilylbis(2-methyl-4-naphthyl-1-indenyl)zirconium dimethyl or ~~dimethylesilylbis~~ dimethylsilylbis (2-methyl-4-naphthyl-1-indenyl)zirconium dichloride.
28. (currently amended) The process of claim 1, in which the ~~supported~~ metallocene comprises a dimethylanilinium tetrakis (perfluorophyl) boron activator.
29. (currently amended) The process of claim 1, in which the ~~supported~~ metallocene comprises a ~~methylaluminoxane~~ methylaluminoxane activator.
30. (original) The process of claim 2, in which polymerization medium has less than 25 volume percent diluent.
31. (original) The process of claim 2, in which polymerization medium has less than 20 volume percent diluent.

2002B169-2-US

32. (original) The process of claim 2, in which polymerization medium has less than 10 volume percent diluent.
33. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a propylene content of 97 wt% or more.
34. (deleted) ~~The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has from 0.0 wt% to 0.01 wt% alpha-omega dienes.~~
35. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene is isotactic or syndiotactic.
36. (deleted) ~~The process of claim 1, in which the metallocene catalyst compound is combined with propylene in the absence of hydrogen or in the presence of hydrogen in an amount of up to 1.0 mole% hydrogen in the reactor.~~
37. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the heat of fusion of the branched crystalline polypropylene is 80 J/g or more.
38. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the Heat of fusion of the branched crystalline polypropylene is 90 J/g or more.
39. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the heat of fusion of the branched crystalline polypropylene is 100 J/g or more.
40. (deleted) ~~The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a Branching Index of 0.97 or less.~~

2002B169-2-US

41. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a Branching Index of 0.95 or less.
42. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a Branching Index of 0.90 or less.
43. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched crystalline polypropylene has a Branching Index of 0.80 or less.
44. (deleted) ~~The process of claim 1, in which one of the metallocene catalyst compounds comprises a substituted or unsubstituted silyl bridged bis indenyl metallocene.~~
45. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the polymerization medium comprises more than 70% propylene monomers by volume prior to the beginning of polymerization.
46. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the polymerization medium consists essentially of propylene monomers.
47. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the polymerization medium consists essentially of monomers and a substantially inert solvent or diluent.
48. (original) The process of claim 1, in which the branched polypropylene is a homopolymer.